

# KA224/KA224A, KA324/KA324A, KA2902

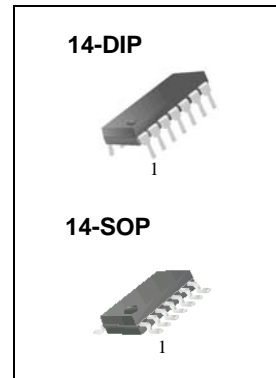
## Quad Operational Amplifier

### Features

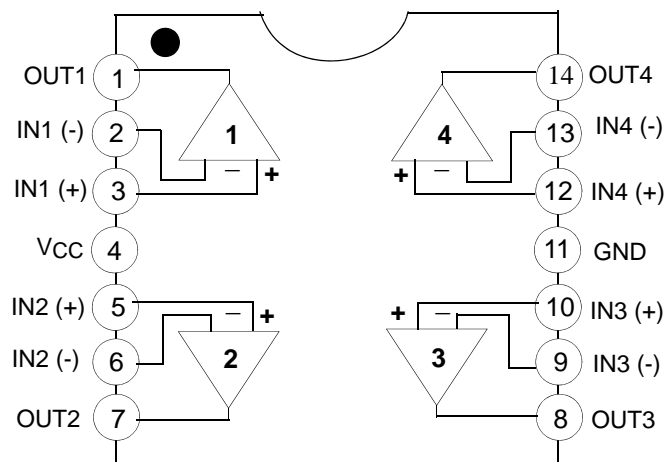
- Internally Frequency Compensated for Unity Gain
- Large DC Voltage Gain: 100dB
- Wide Power Supply Range:  
KA224 / KA224A, KA324 / KA324A : 3V~32V (or  $\pm 1.5 \sim 16V$ )  
KA2902: 3V~26V (or  $\pm 1.5V \sim 13V$ )
- Input Common Mode Voltage Range Includes Ground
- Large Output Voltage Swing: 0V to VCC -1.5V
- Power Drain Suitable for Battery Operation

### Description

The KA324 series consist of four independent, high gain, internally frequency compensated operational amplifiers which were designed specifically to operate from a single power supply over a wide voltage range. Operation from split power supplies is also possible so long as the difference between the two supplies is 3 volts to 32 volts. Application areas include transducer amplifier, DC gain blocks and all the conventional OP Amp circuits which now can be easily implemented in single power supply systems.

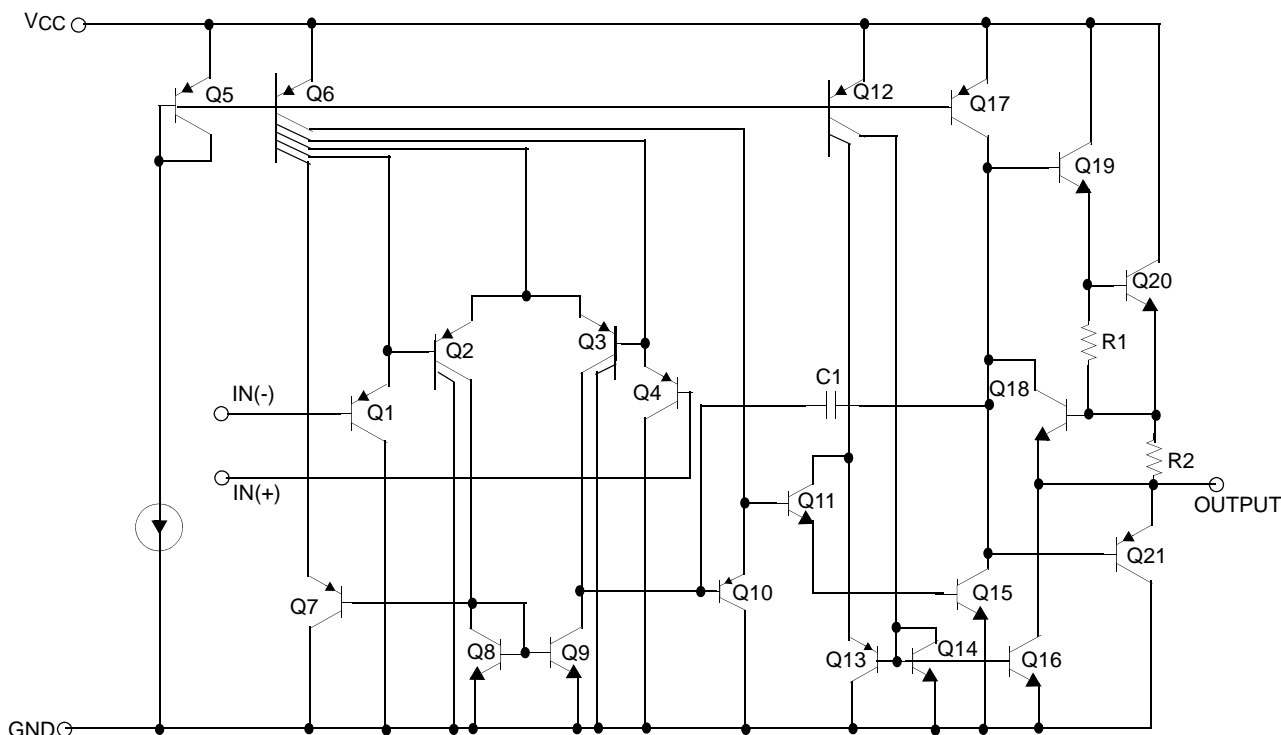


### Internal Block Diagram



## Schematic Diagram

(One Section Only)



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	KA224/KA224A	KA324/KA324A	KA2902	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	±16 or 32	±16 or 32	±13 or 26	V
Differential Input Voltage	VI(DIFF)	32	32	26	V
Input Voltage	VI	-0.3 to +32	-0.3 to +32	-0.3 to +26	V
Output Short Circuit to GND Vcc≤15V, TA=25°C(One Amp)	-	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	-
Power Dissipation, TA=25°C 14-DIP 14-SOP	PD	1310 640	1310 640	1310 640	mW
Operating Temperature Range	TOPR	-25 ~ +85	0 ~ +70	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	TSTG	-65 ~ +150	-65 ~ +150	-65 ~ +150	°C

## Thermal Data

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient Max. 14-DIP 14-SOP	Rθja	95 195	°C/W

## Electrical Characteristics

( $V_{CC} = 5.0V$ ,  $V_{EE} = GND$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	KA224			KA324			KA2902			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input Offset Voltage	$V_{IO}$	$V_{CM}=0V$ to $V_{CC} - 1.5V$ $V_{O(P)} = 1.4V$ , $R_S = 0\Omega$ (Note1)	-	1.5	5.0	-	1.5	7.0	-	1.5	7.0	mV	
Input Offset Current	$I_{IO}$	$V_{CM} = 0V$	-	2.0	30	-	3.0	50	-	3.0	50	nA	
Input Bias Current	$I_{BIAS}$	$V_{CM} = 0V$	-	40	150	-	40	250	-	40	250	nA	
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	$V_{I(R)}$	Note1	0	-	$V_{CC} - 1.5$	0	-	$V_{CC} - 1.5$	0	-	$V_{CC} - 1.5$	V	
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	$R_L = \infty$ , $V_{CC} = 30V$ (KA2902, $V_{CC}=26V$ )	-	1.0	3	-	1.0	3	-	1.0	3	mA	
		$R_L = \infty$ , $V_{CC} = 5V$	-	0.7	1.2	-	0.7	1.2	-	0.7	1.2	mA	
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$G_V$	$V_{CC} = 15V$ , $R_L=2k\Omega$ $V_{O(P)} = 1V$ to $11V$	50	100	-	25	100	-	25	100	-	V/mV	
Output Voltage Swing	$V_{O(H)}$	Note1	$R_L = 2k\Omega$	26	-	-	26	-	-	22	-	-	V
			$R_L = 10k\Omega$	27	28	-	27	28	-	23	24	-	V
	$V_{O(L)}$	$V_{CC} = 5V$ , $R_L=10k\Omega$	-	5	20	-	5	20	-	5	100	mV	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	-	70	85	-	65	75	-	50	75	-	dB	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	-	65	100	-	65	100	-	50	100	-	dB	
Channel Separation	CS	$f = 1kHz$ to $20kHz$ (Note2)	-	120	-	-	120	-	-	120	-	dB	
Short Circuit to GND	ISC	$V_{CC} = 15V$	-	40	60	-	40	60	-	40	60	mA	
Output Current	ISOURCE	$V_{I(+)} = 1V$ , $V_{I(-)} = 0V$ $V_{CC} = 15V$ , $V_{O(P)} = 2V$	20	40	-	20	40	-	20	40	-	mA	
	ISINK	$V_{I(+)} = 0V$ , $V_{I(-)} = 1V$ $V_{CC} = 15V$ $V_{O(P)} = 2V$	10	13	-	10	13	-	10	13	-	mA	
		$V_{I(+)} = 0V$ , $V_{I(-)} = 1V$ $V_{CC} = 15V$ $V_{O(R)} = 200mV$	12	45	-	12	45	-	-	-	-	$\mu A$	
Differential Input Voltage	$V_{I(DIFF)}$	-	-	$V_{CC}$	-	-	$V_{CC}$	-	-	$V_{CC}$	V		

### Note:

- $V_{CC}=30V$  for KA224 / KA224A , KA324 / KA324A ,  $V_{CC} = 26V$  for KA2902
- This parameter, although guaranteed, is not 100% tested in production.

**Electrical Characteristics** (Continued)(V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V, V<sub>EE</sub> = GND, unless otherwise specified)The following specification apply over the range of -25°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C for the KA224; and the 0°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ +70°C for the KA324 ; and the -40°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C for the KA2902

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	KA224			KA324			KA2902			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>ICM</sub> = 0V to V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5V V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 1.4V, R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω (Note1)	-	-	7.0	-	-	9.0	-	-	10.0	mV	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	ΔV <sub>IO</sub> /ΔT	R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω (Note2)	-	7.0	-	-	7.0	-	-	7.0	-	μV/ °C	
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V	-	-	100	-	-	150	-	-	200	nA	
Input Offset Current Drift	ΔI <sub>IO</sub> /ΔT	R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω (Note2)	-	10	-	-	10	-	-	10	-	pA/ °C	
Input Bias Current	I <sub>BIAS</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V	-	-	300	-	-	500	-	-	500	nA	
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>I(R)</sub>	Note1	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -2.0	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -2.0	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -2.0	V	
Large Signal Voltage Gain	G <sub>V</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, R <sub>L</sub> = 2.0kΩ V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 1V to 11V	25	-	-	15	-	-	15	-	-	V/ mV	
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>O(H)</sub>	Note1	R <sub>L</sub> = 2kΩ	26	-	-	26	-	-	22	-	-	V
			R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	27	28	-	27	28	-	23	24	-	V
	V <sub>O(L)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	-	5	20	-	5	20	-	5	100	mV	
Output Current	I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 1V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 0V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	10	20	-	10	20	-	10	20	-	mA	
	I <sub>SINK</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 0V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 1V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	5	8	-	5	8	-	5	8	-	mA	
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>I(DIFF)</sub>	-	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	

**Note:**

- V<sub>CC</sub>=30V for KA224/KA224A , KA324/KA324A , V<sub>CC</sub> = 26V for KA2902
- These parameters, although guaranteed, are not 100% tested in production.

**Electrical Characteristics** (Continued)(V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V, V<sub>EE</sub> = GND, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	KA224A			KA324A			Unit	
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V to V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5V V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 1.4V, R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω (Note1)	-	1.0	3.0	-	1.5	3.0	mV	
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V	-	2	15	-	3.0	30	nA	
Input Bias Current	I <sub>BIAS</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V	-	40	80	-	40	100	nA	
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>I(R)</sub>	Note1	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5	V	
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V, R <sub>L</sub> = ∞	-	1.5	3	-	1.5	3	mA	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = ∞	-	0.7	1.2	-	0.7	1.2	mA	
Large Signal Voltage Gain	G <sub>V</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, R <sub>L</sub> = 2kΩ V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 1V to 11V	50	100	-	25	100	-	V/mV	
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>O(H)</sub>	Note1	R <sub>L</sub> = 2kΩ	26	-	-	26	-	-	V
			R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	27	28	-	27	28	-	V
	V <sub>O(L)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	-	5	20	-	5	20	mV	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	-	70	85	-	65	85	-	dB	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	-	65	100	-	65	100	-	dB	
Channel Separation	CS	f = 1kHz to 20kHz (Note2)	-	120	-	-	120	-	dB	
Short Circuit to GND	I <sub>SC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V	-	40	60	-	40	60	mA	
Output Current	I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 1V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 0V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	20	40	-	20	40	-	mA	
	I <sub>SINK</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 0V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 1V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	10	20	-	10	20	-	mA	
		V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 0V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 1V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 200mV	12	50	-	12	50	-	μA	
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>I(DIFF)</sub>	-	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	

**Note:**

- V<sub>CC</sub> = 30V for KA224 / KA224A, KA324 / KA324A
- This parameter, although guaranteed, is not 100% tested in production.

**Electrical Characteristics** (Continued)

(VCC = 5.0V, VEE = GND, unless otherwise specified)

The following specification apply over the range of  $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}\text{C}$  for the KA224A; and the  $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +70^{\circ}\text{C}$  for the KA324A

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	KA224A			KA324A			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V to V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5V V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 1.4V, R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω (Note1)	-	-	4.0	-	-	5.0	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift	ΔV <sub>IO</sub> /ΔT	R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω (Note2)	-	7.0	20	-	7.0	30	μV/°C
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V	-	-	30	-	-	75	nA
Input Offset Current Drift	ΔI <sub>IO</sub> /ΔT	R <sub>S</sub> = 0Ω (Note2)	-	10	200	-	10	300	pA/°C
Input Bias Current	I <sub>BIAS</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V	-	40	100	-	40	200	nA
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>I(R)</sub>	Note1	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -2.0	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -2.0	V
Large Signal Voltage Gain	G <sub>V</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, R <sub>L</sub> = 2.0kΩ	25	-	-	15	-	-	V/mV
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>O(H)</sub>	Note1							
		R <sub>L</sub> = 2kΩ	26	-	-	26	-	-	V
		R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	27	28	-	27	28	-	V
	V <sub>O(L)</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 10kΩ	-	5	20	-	5	20	mV
Output Current	I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 1V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 0V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	10	20	-	10	20	-	mV
	I <sub>SINK</sub>	V <sub>I(+)</sub> = 0V, V <sub>I(-)</sub> = 1V V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, V <sub>O(P)</sub> = 2V	5	8	-	5	8	-	mA
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>I(DIFF)</sub>	-	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V

**Note:**

1. V<sub>CC</sub>=30V for KA224A and KA324A.
2. These parameters, although guaranteed, are not 100% tested in production.

# Typical Performance Characteristics

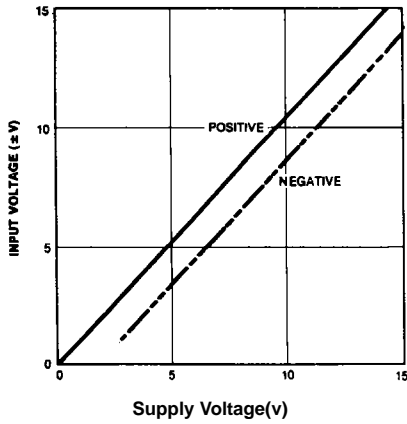


Figure 1. Input Voltage Range vs Supply Voltage

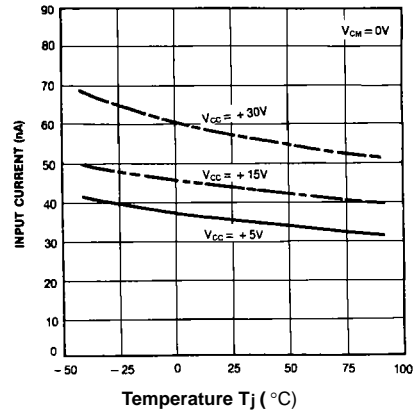


Figure 2. Input Current vs Temperature

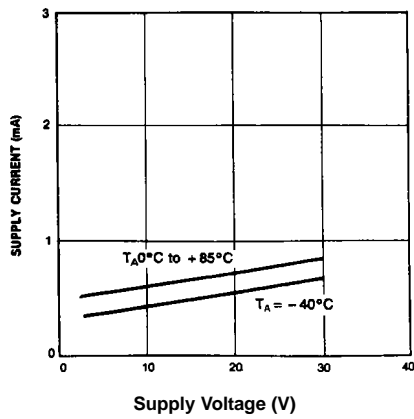


Figure 3. Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

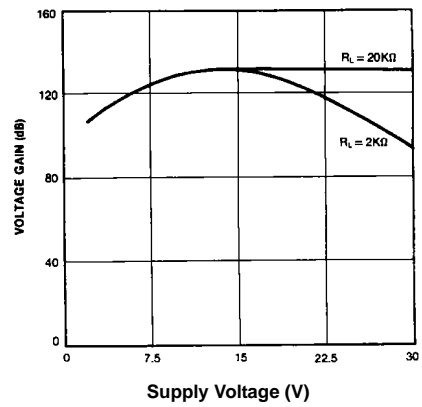


Figure 4. Voltage Gain vs Supply Voltage

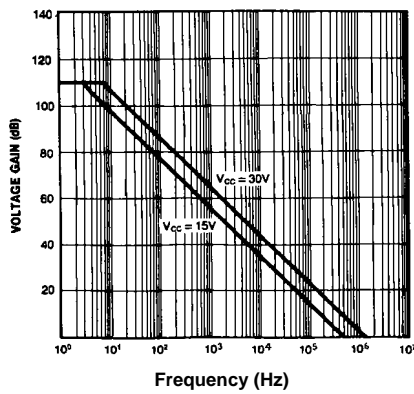


Figure 5. Open Loop Frequency Response

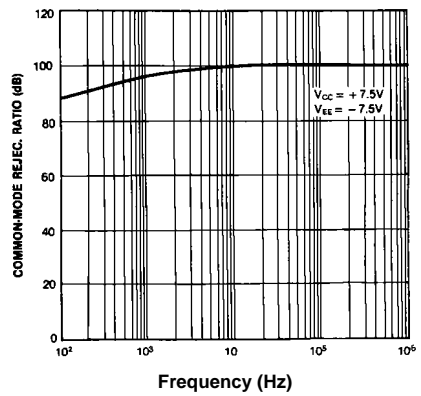


Figure 6. Common mode Rejection Ratio

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

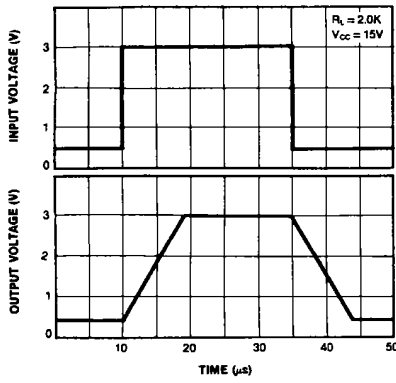


Figure 7. Voltage Follower Pulse Response

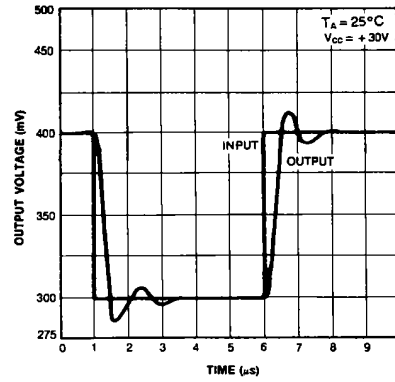


Figure 8. Voltage Follower Pulse Response (Small Signal)

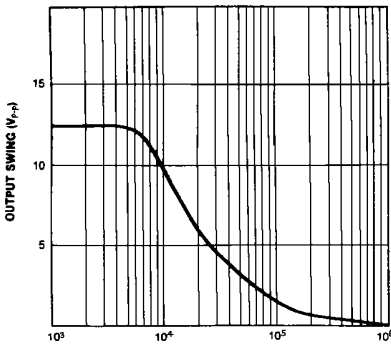


Figure 8. Large Signal Frequency Response

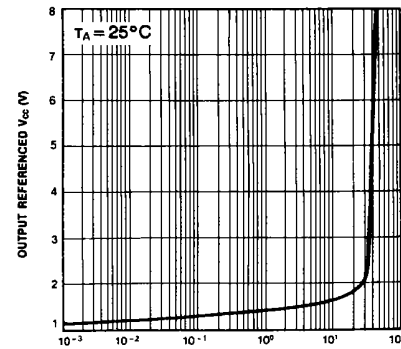


Figure 9. Output Characteristics vs Current Sourcing

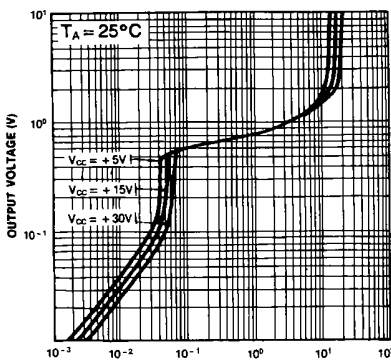


Figure 10. Output Characteristics vs Current Sinking

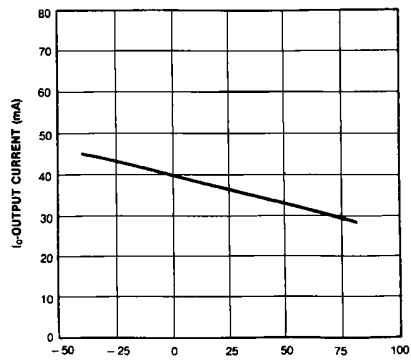


Figure 11. Current Limiting vs Temperature

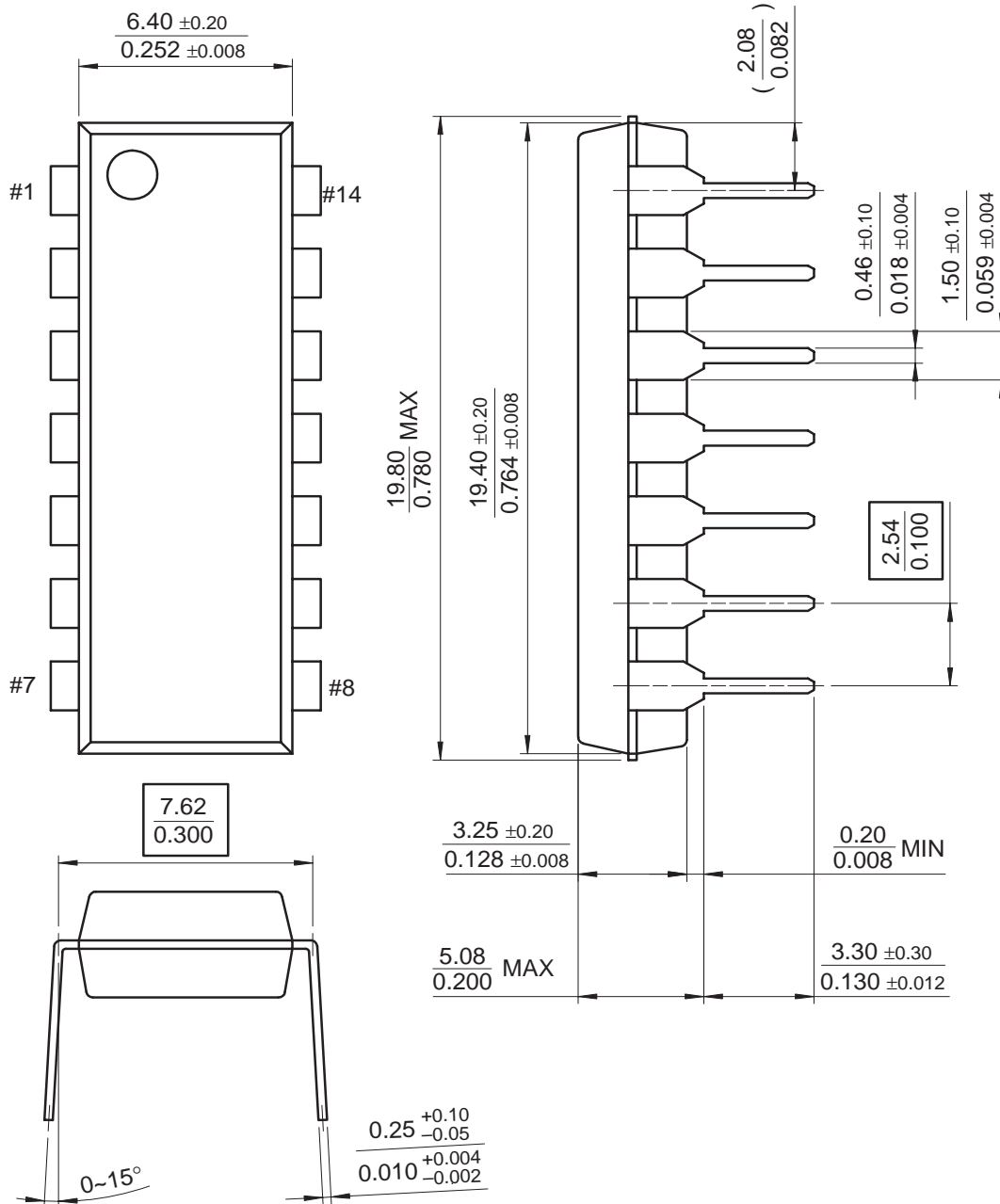


# Mechanical Dimensions

## Package

Dimensions in millimeters

### 14-DIP

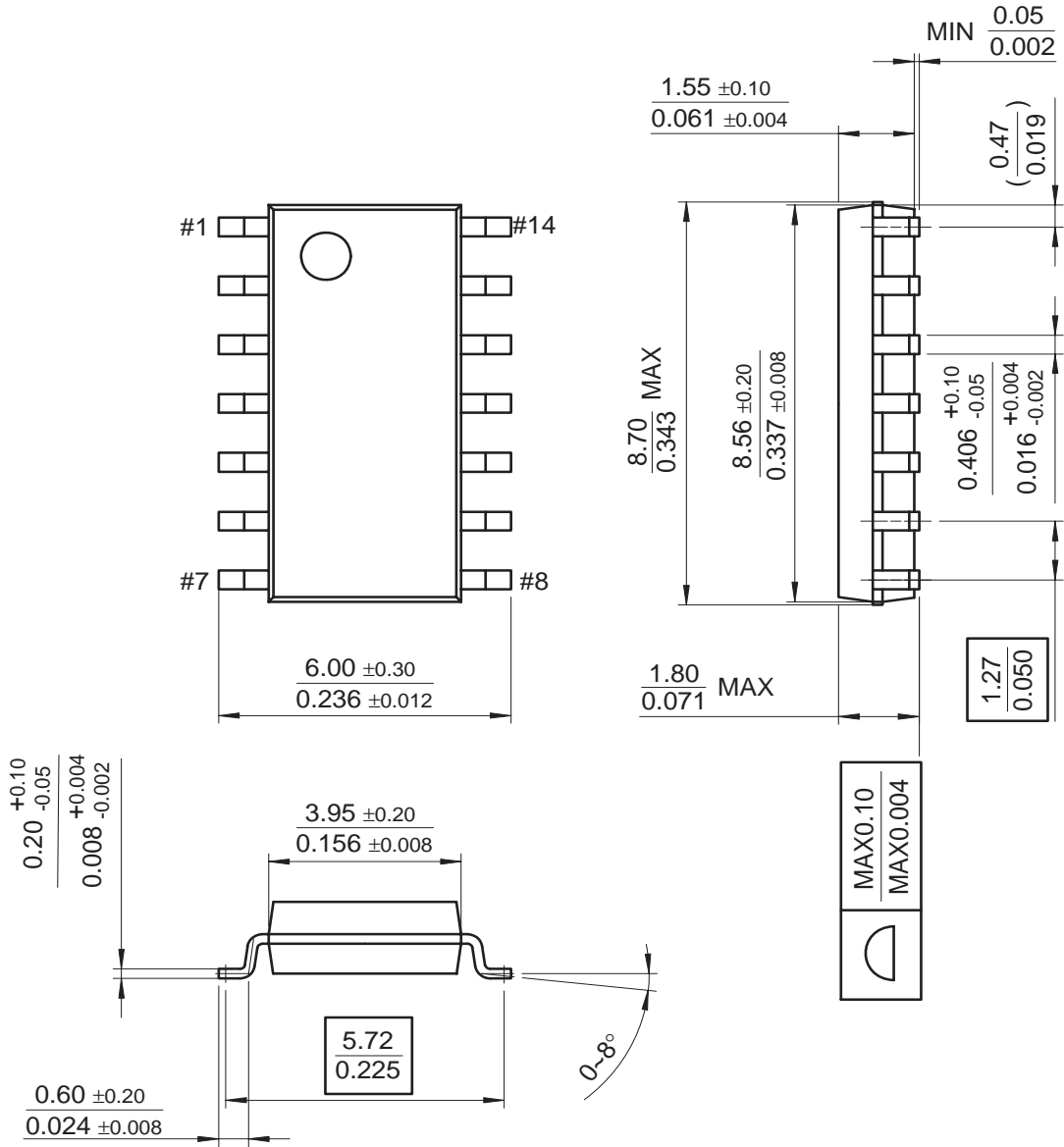


# Mechanical Dimensions (Continued)

## Package

Dimensions in millimeters

# 14-SOP



## Ordering Information

Product Number	Package	Operating Temperature
KA324	14-DIP	0 ~ +70°C
KA324A		
KA324D	14-SOP	
KA324AD		
KA224	14-DIP	-25 ~ +85°C
KA224A		
KA224D	14-SOP	
KA224AD		
KA2902	14-DIP	-40 ~ +85°C
KA2902D	14-SOP	

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2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.